

LazyTAP: In Praise of Laziness

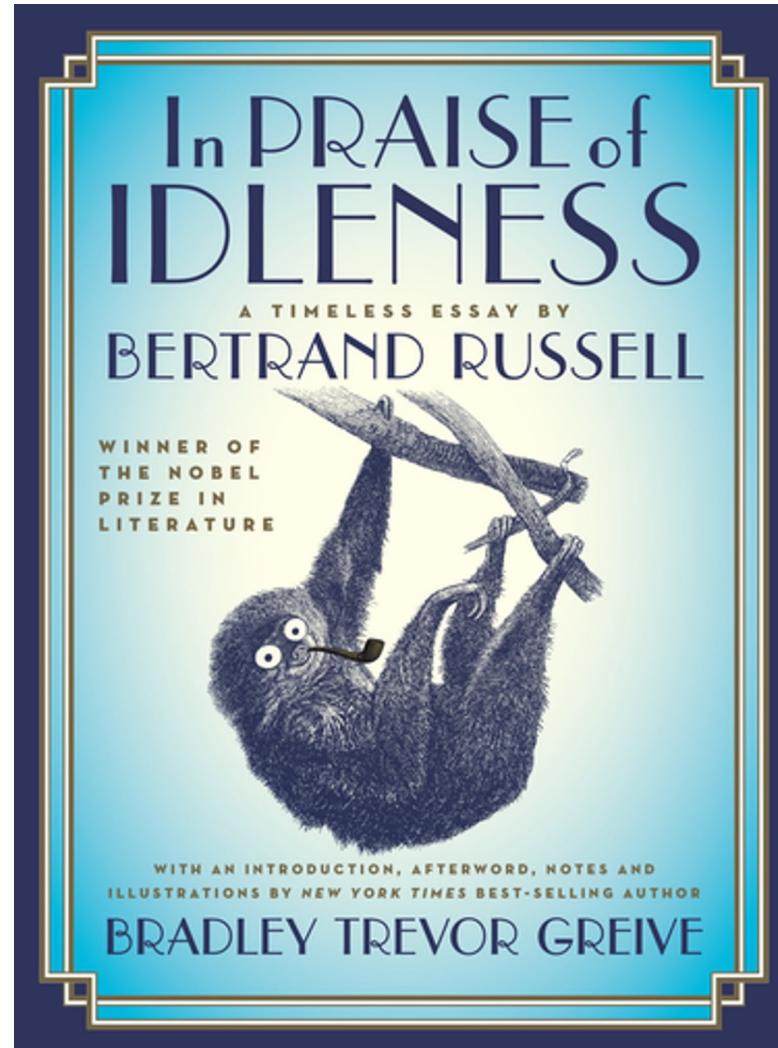
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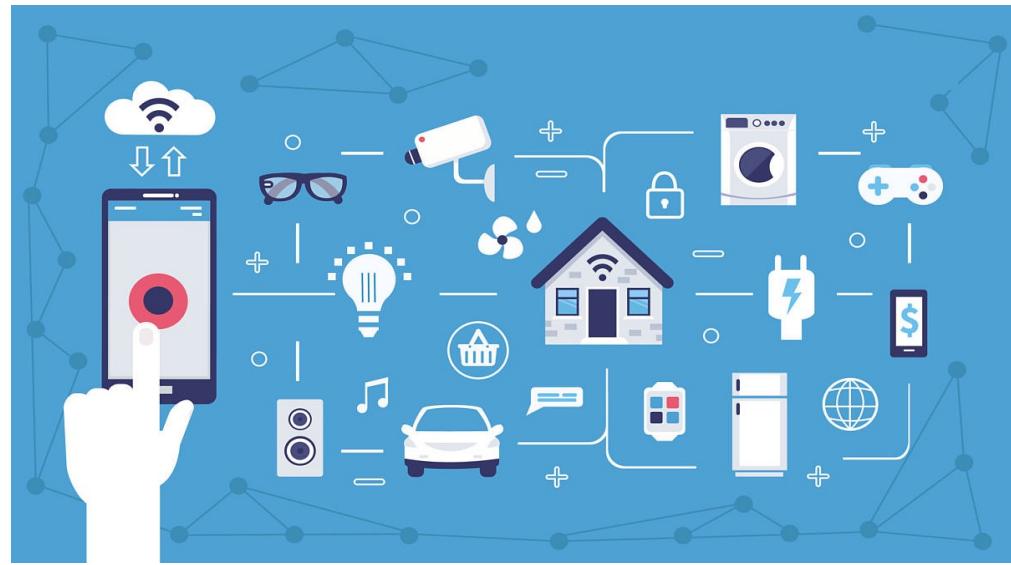
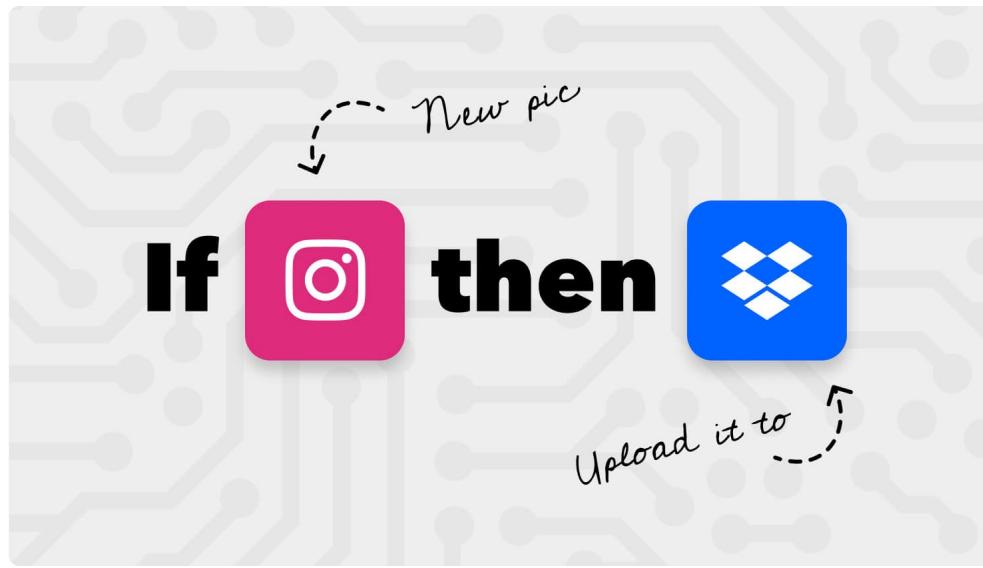
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KTH Royal Institute of Technology



- “... the road to happiness and prosperity lies in an organized diminution of work.”
- “We should increase leisure and produce only what makes for better lives.”

Trigger-Action Platform (TAP)

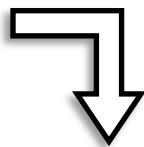
- Connecting otherwise unconnected services and devices
- Trigger event comes, the app performs an **action**
- Popular TAPs: IFTTT, Zapier, Power Automate



IFTTT example: Amir's app

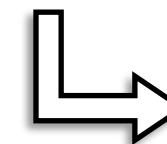


Trigger

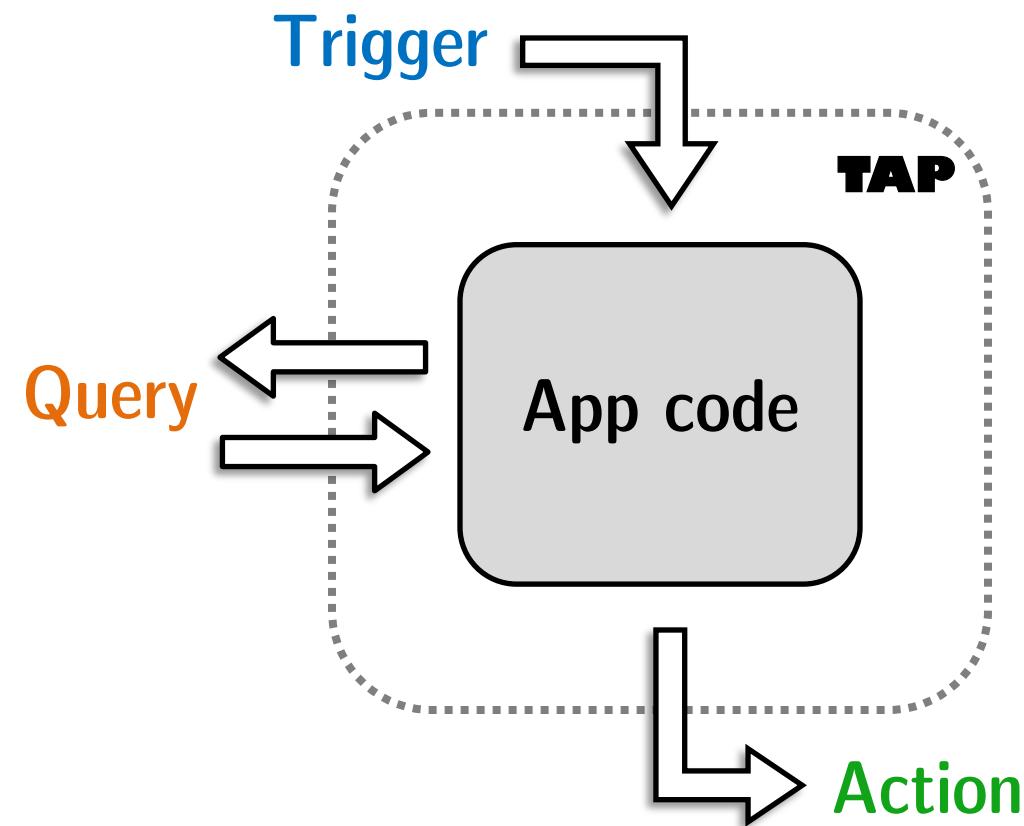


```
// app filtercode
if (Email.sendIftttAnEmail.From == "Musard") {
  Slack.postMessage(
    Email.sendIftttAnEmail.Subject +
    Email.sendIftttAnEmail.Body +
    Email.sendIftttAnEmail.AttachmentUrl);
} else {
  Slack.postMessage.skip();
}
```

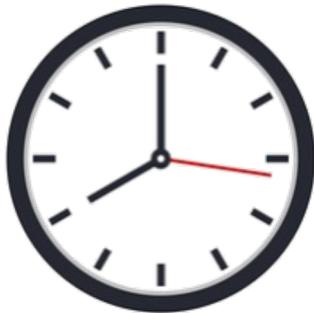
Action



IFTTT

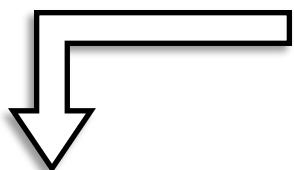


IFTTT example: meeting notification

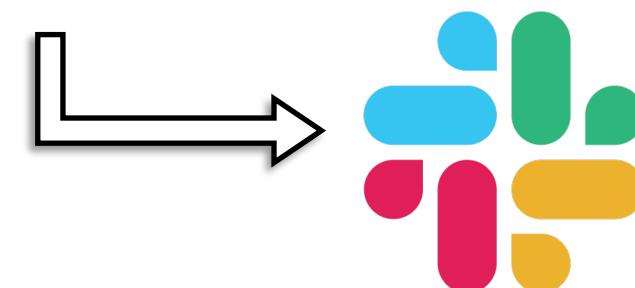


```
let location = GoogleCalendar.historyOfEventFromSearchStarts[0].Where;
if (location != 'office') {
  Slack.postMessage("First meeting is not in office!");
} else {
  Slack.postMessage(
    GoogleCalendar.historyOfEventFromSearchStarts[0].Title);
  Slack.postMessage("First office meeting starts at" +
    GoogleCalendar.historyOfEventFromSearchStarts[0].Starts);
}
```

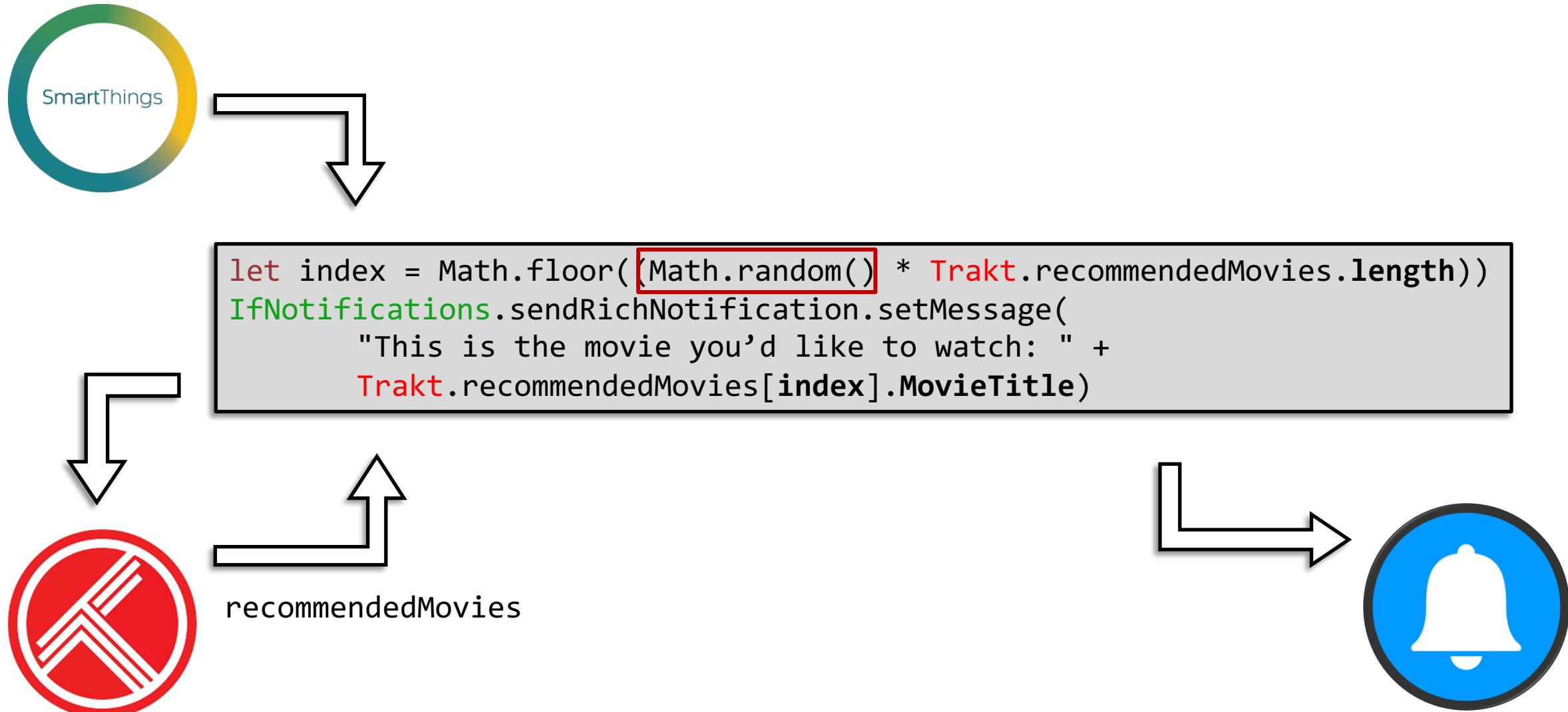
("important", "today")

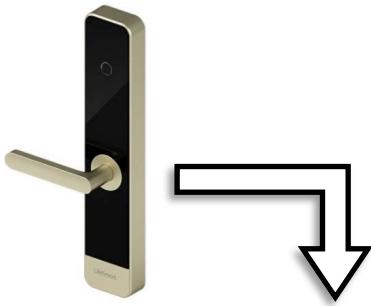


historyOfEventFromSearchStarts



IFTTT example: movie recommender





IFTTT* example: parking finder

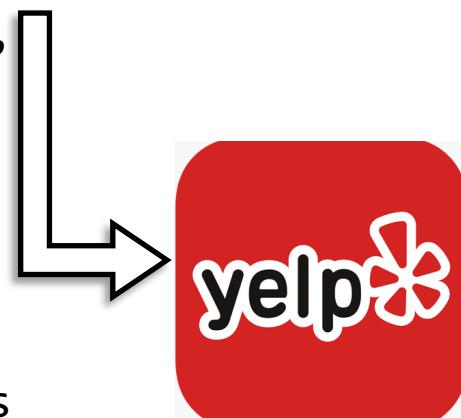
```
let events = GoogleCalendar.historyOfCalendarEventBeginnings("work", "01:00");
if (events.length != 0) {
    let parkingLocation = Yelp.searchBusiness(events[0].Where, "parking");
    if (parkingLocation.length != 0) {
        AndroidDevice.startNavigation.setQuery(parkingLocation[0].BusinessAddress);
    }
} else {
    AndroidDevice.startNavigation.skip();
}
```

"work",
"01:00"

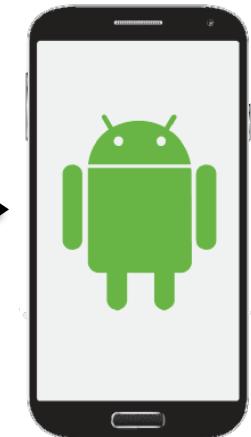


historyOfCalendarEventBeginnings

(calendarEvent[0].Where,
"parking")

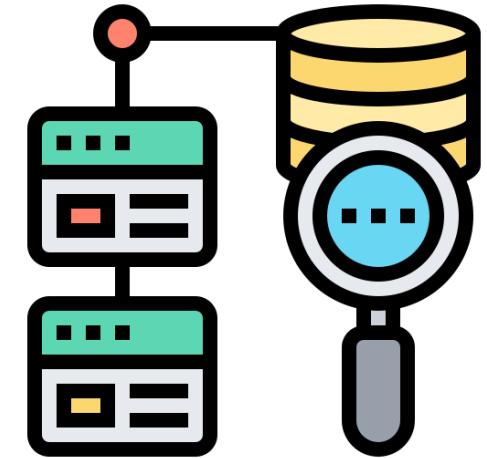


BusinessAddress



Queries

- Additional data *source* of apps
- In IFTTT:
 - Can be *multiple* for each app
 - Can depend on *trigger* data
 - Query chain is not possible
 - Fetch *all* the queries first, then execute the app code
- A general TAP:
 - Queries might depend on any data source (trigger/query)
 - Supporting query chains



Data minimization



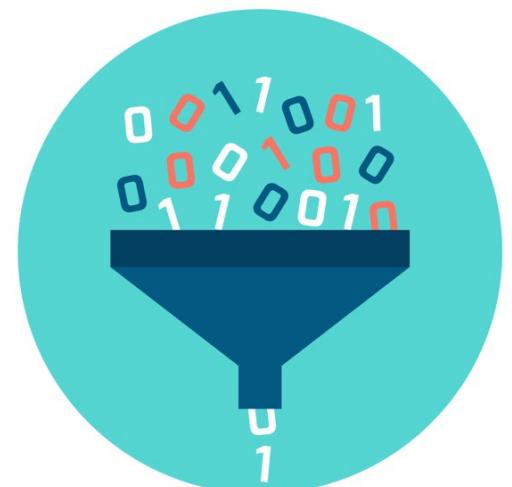
- Only **necessary** data should be collected for the **specific purpose** the user consented
- IFTTT's approach: Attribute-level **overprivilege**
 - Fetching *all* the attributes from trigger/query services *no matter* what the app's execution needs!
 - Email attributes: {AttachmentTemporaryUrl, From, Body, BodyHTML, Subject, AttachmentUrl, ReceivedAt}
 - “A trigger endpoint should return (by default) the **50 most recent events**, regardless of whether or not we have seen them before”
- Goal: Transmit the **minimal** set of attributes required for the app's execution



- Minimization wrt: **ill-intended TAP**
 - May deviate from the protocols to steal *more* user data than needed
- Minimizing attributes of *trigger* data
 - *Preprocessing* approach
- Modes: **Static** and **Dynamic**
 - **Static**: Aggregates all the attributes existing in the app source code
 - **Dynamic**: Pre-runs the app code on the trigger service to identify attributes accessed in the execution
 - Trusted client outside of the TAP (dependency analysis and app integrity)

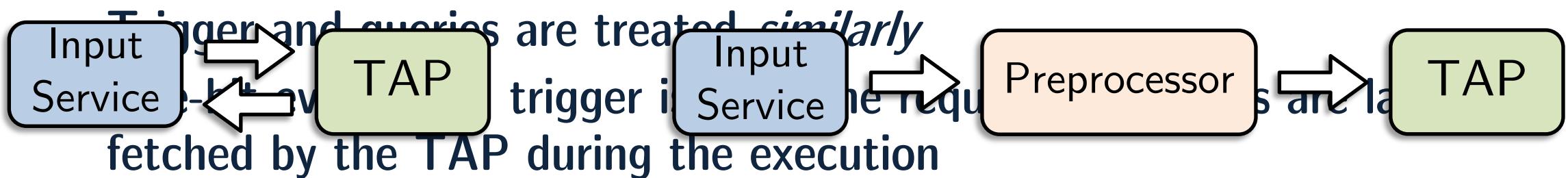
minTAP (cont.)

- Notions of data independence
 - Value changes of a subset of attributes has no effect on the output
 - **Regular**: Output never depends on what values an attribute takes
 - **Run**: Output depends on values of certain attributes
- **Static minTAP**
 - **Regular** independence + support for queries?
- **Dynamic minTAP**
 - **Run** independence + no trigger if action skips

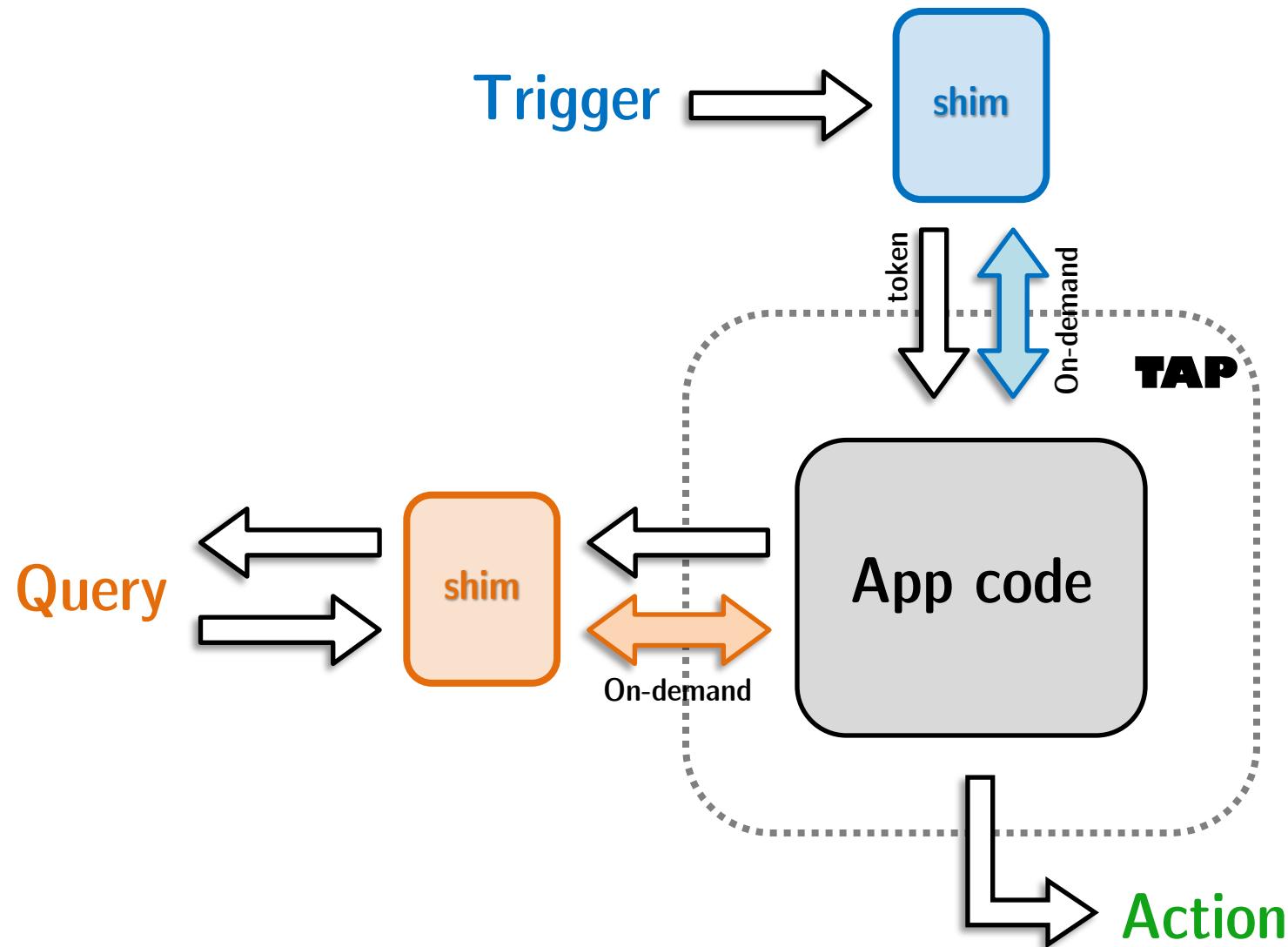


LazyTAP: Data minimization by design

- Minimization wrt: **willing-to-minimize TAP**
 - Incentivized to support the principle of data minimization
- **Fetch-on-need**
 - Attribute is fetched from service only if it is *accessed* in the execution
 - *On-demand* vs. *preprocessing* minimization
- **Data source unification**



LazyTAP



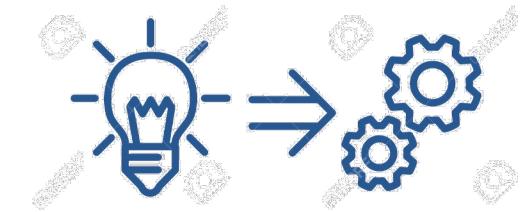
LazyTAP (cont.)

- Which parts are **changing**?
 - TAP: Executes app when trigger token received, then fetching data *on-the-fly*
 - Trigger/Query services: Shim layers or using trusted mediators
 - Caching mechanism
- App code remains as is
 - A lazy version of the runtime for app, using the same APIs



LazyTAP: Implementation

- Elements:
 - **Remote Trigger**: fetch-on-need trigger data
 - **Lazy Query**: deferred computation of query, providing fetch-on-need query data
 - **Lazy Projection**: delayed projection *via thunking*
- Deferred computation by **thunking**
 - Using proxies or accessor properties, queries as classes
- Queries can depend on *any* data source (trigger or query)



LazyTAP: Demo

- Examples
 - Meeting notification
 - Movie recommender
 - Parking finder

Evaluation

App Id	Distinctive pattern	Total attributes (IFTTT)	Static minTAP	LazyTAP
MeetNotif	Sensitive independent query	$3 + (7 * \text{CalendarLength})$	3	1 3
MovieRec	Nondeterministic query, skip on time	$3 + (7 * \text{TraktLength})$	$\text{TraktLength}+1$	1 2 3 4
ParkFind	Conditional query chain, skip on queries	$4 + (7 * \text{CalendarLength}) + (7 * \text{YelpLength})$	4	1 3 4

Minimization: 95% over IFTTT; 38% over minTAP

LazyTAP: Formalism

- Core language: While language with objects

$$e ::= v \mid x \mid e \oplus e \mid f(e) \mid e[e] \mid \{\} \mid T \mid Q(k, e) \mid A(m) \\ \mid \boxed{() \Rightarrow e}$$

$$i ::= x \mid i[e]$$

$$c ::= \text{skip} \mid i := e \mid \text{if } e \text{ then } c \text{ else } c \mid \text{while } e \text{ do } c \mid c; c$$

- Supporting lazy computation, lazy query, and remote objects
 - Trigger and query data represented by *remote objects*, caching data on the first access
- Semantics: strict and lazy (also in Coq)

LazyTAP: Formalism (cont.)

- **Extensional equivalence**
 - Executing on *equivalent* memories, lazy app behaves the *same* as strict
- **Minimality**
 - Lazy semantics fetches *no more attributes* than what the strict semantics demands

Strict semantics

$$\Gamma = \langle t, q, a \rangle$$

$$\Gamma \models (c, E, H) \rightarrow_s (E, H)$$

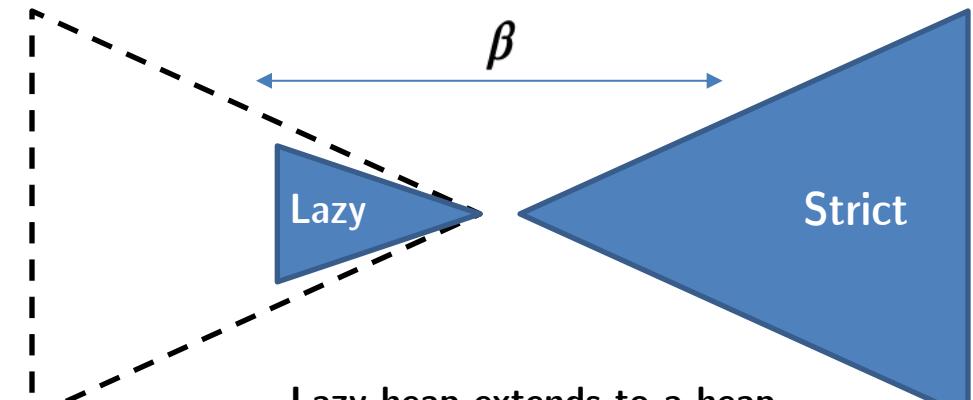
Lazy semantics

$$\Gamma = \langle (t, F_t), q, a \rangle$$

$$\Gamma \models (c, E, H) \rightarrow_l (E, H)$$

LazyTAP: Formalism (cont.)

- **Extensional equivalence**
 - Contexts are *isomorphic* under β
 - Mapping refs to refs and remote refs to refs bijectively
- **Lazy context \simeq_{β} Strict context**
 - Perform all deferred computations,
 - Fetch all attributes from the remote objects
 - The resulting lazy context is isomorphic to the strict context



$$((t, F_t), q, a, E, H) \simeq_{\beta} (t, q, a, E, H)$$

LazyTAP: Formalism (cont.)

- LazyTAP apps model IFTTT apps

$$\forall c, c', \beta_1, \Gamma, E_1, R_1, H_1, \Gamma, E_1, H_1 E_2, H_2.$$
$$(\Gamma, E_1, R_1, H_1) \simeq_{\beta_1} (\Gamma, E_1, H_1) \wedge$$
$$c' = \text{compileL2S}(c) \wedge$$
$$\Gamma \models (c', E_1, H_1) \rightarrow_s (E_2, H_2) \Rightarrow$$
$$\exists \beta_2, E_2, R_2, H_2. \Gamma \models (c, E_1, R_1, H_1) \rightarrow_l (E_2, R_2, H_2) \wedge$$
$$\beta_1 \subseteq \beta_2 \wedge$$
$$(\Gamma, E_2, R_2, H_2) \simeq_{\beta_2} (\Gamma, E_2, H_2).$$

LazyTAP: Formalism (cont.)

- LazyTAP apps model only IFTTT apps

$$\forall c, c', \beta_1, \Gamma, E_1, R_1, H_1, \Gamma, E_1, H_1 E_2, R_2, H_2.$$
$$(\Gamma, E_1, R_1, H_1) \simeq_{\beta_1} (\Gamma, E_1, H_1) \wedge$$
$$c' = \text{compileL2S}(c) \wedge$$
$$\boxed{\Gamma \models (c, E_1, R_1, H_1) \rightarrow_l (E_2, R_2, H_2)} \Rightarrow$$
$$\exists \beta_2, E_2, H_2. \boxed{\Gamma \models (c', E_1, H_1) \rightarrow_s (E_2, H_2)} \wedge$$
$$\beta_1 \subseteq \beta_2 \wedge$$
$$\boxed{(\Gamma, E_2, R_2, H_2) \simeq_{\beta_2} (\Gamma, E_2, H_2)}.$$

LazyTAP: Formalism (cont.)



- Precision of LazyTAP

“LazyTAP is at least as **precise** as sound *preprocessing* minimization techniques”

- Starting from the minimized initial environments,
- Correctness of the static/dynamic minimization techniques,
- The app execution successfully maps the minimized initial environments to a final environment,
- Every strict environment has a lazy counterpart

LazyTAP vs. minTAP

Approach	Minimization wrt	Apps without queries	Apps with queries
IFTTT	None	Push all, no minimization guarantees	
Static minTAP	III-intended TAP	Regular independence (Input-unaware minimization)	
Dynamic minTAP	III-intended TAP	Run independence (Input-sensitive minimization) + No attribute when skip/timeout	N/A
LazyTAP	TAP willing to minimize	Run independence (Input-sensitive minimization) + Real-time behavior-preserving (incl. arrays, nondeterminism)	

LazyTAP takeaways

Be *lazy*, be *minimized!*

- Data minimization o
- *On-demand, input-selective*
- Changes:
 - Trigger/query service
 - No code execution on the client
 - TAP: supporting fetch API



nt queries
eserving minimization
ches
ntime for the app